

cientific Instruments

Roemerstr. 67 | 82205 Gilching/Germany | Phone: +49 8105 77940 | E-mail: info@si-gmbh.de | Web: www.si-gmbh.de

Frequency Counters

SR620 — Universal time interval and frequency counter



- · 25 ps single-shot time resolution
- · 1.3 GHz frequency range
- · 11-digit frequency resolution (1 s)
- · 0.001° phase resolution
- · Statistical analysis & Allan variance
- Graphical output to X-Y scopes
- Hardcopy to printers and plotters
- GPIB and RS-232 interfaces
- Optional ovenized timebase

· SR620

SR620 Time Interval & Frequency Counter —

The SR620 Time Interval Counter performs virtually all of the time and frequency measurements required in a laboratory or ATE environment. The instrument's single-shot timing resolution and low jitter make it the counter of choice for almost any application.

SR620 Measurements

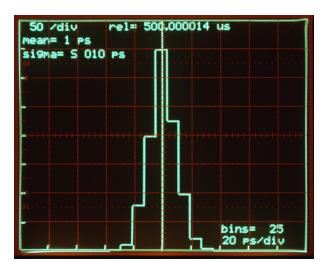
The SR620 measures time interval, frequency, pulse-width, rise and fall time, period, phase and events. Time intervals are measured with 25 ps rms resolution, making the SR620 one of the highest resolution counters available. Frequency is measured from 0.001 Hz to 1.3 GHz, and a choice of gates ranging from 1 period to 500 seconds is provided. The SR620 delivers up to 11 digits of frequency resolution in one second, making it suitable for measurement applications ranging from short-term phase locked loop jitter, to the long-term drift of atomic clocks. All measurement modes are supported by a wide variety of flexible arming and triggering options.

Histograms and Strip Charts

Unlike conventional counters that only have numeric displays, the SR620 provides live, graphical displays of measurement results. Graphical data is available in three formats: a histogram showing the distribution of values within a set of measurements, a strip chart of mean values from successive measurements, or a strip chart of jitter (standard deviation or Allan variance) values from successive measurements. Up to 250 strip-chart points or histogram bins can be displayed.







Histogram display

Both histograms and strip charts can be displayed on any oscilloscope with an X-axis input (see pictures), or can be plotted on an HP-GL compatible plotter or dot-matrix printer. Convenient cursors allow you to read the value of any data point in the histogram or strip chart. Autoscale and zoom features make it simple to display all, or any portion, of the graphs.

Complete Statistical Calculations

The SR620 can make measurements on a single-shot basis, or calculate the statistics of a set of measurements. Sample sizes from one to one million can be selected. The SR620 will automatically calculate the mean, standard deviation or Allan variance, minimum and maximum for each set of measurements.

Reference Output

A precision 50 % duty cycle square wave (1 kHz) is available at the front-panel REF output. The REF output can be used as a source of start or stop pulses for any of the SR620's measurement modes. For instance, the length of a cable connected between REF and the B input can be precisely determined by measuring the time delay between REF and B.

Built-In DVMs and Analog Outputs

Two rear-panel DVM inputs make measurements of DC voltages with 0.3 % accuracy (±20 VDC range). These values may be read via the interfaces or displayed directly on the front panel.



SR620 rear panel

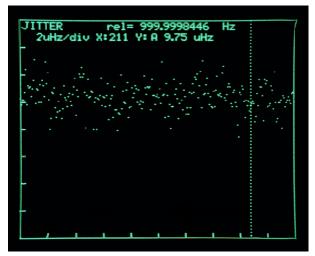
Two DAC outputs continuously provide voltages proportional to the mean and the jitter of the measurement sample. These 0 to 10 V outputs can drive strip-chart recorders, or they can be set to provide fixed or scanned output voltages.

Built-In Auto-Calibration

A sophisticated, built-in auto-calibration routine nulls insertion delays between start and stop channels, and compensates for the differential nonlinearites inherent in analog timemeasurement circuitry. The auto-calibration routine takes about two minutes to perform, and should be run every 1000 hours of operation.

10 MHz Reference

The choice of timebase affects both the resolution and accuracy of measurements made with the SR620. SRS offers a standard timebase with an aging coefficient of 1×10^{-6} /year, or an optional ovenized-oscillator timebase with only 5×10^{-10} /day aging and about an order of magnitude better short-term stability than the standard timebase. A rear-panel input lets you connect any external 5 MHz or 10 MHz source as a timebase.



Allan variance plot

Computer Interfaces

Standard GPIB (IEEE-488.2) and RS-232 interfaces allow remote control of the SR620. All instrument functions and configuration menu settings are accessible via the interfaces. A fast binary dump mode outputs up to 1400 measurements per second to a computer. A parallel printer port allows direct printing from the instrument. Standard IEEE-488.2 communications are supported, and plotter outputs are provided in HP-GL format. For debugging, the last 256 characters transmitted over the interfaces can be viewed on the front panel.



SR620 Specifications

Timebase		1	internal UHF prescalers.
Imicbasc	Standard Option 01		RATIO A/B range: 10^{-9} to 10^3
Frequency	10.000 MHz 10.000 MHz	Error	$< \pm ((100 \mathrm{ps} \mathrm{typ}, [350 \mathrm{ps} \mathrm{max}.]) /$
Type	TCVCXO Ovenized VCXO		Gate + Timebase Error) × Frequency
Aging	$1 \times 10^{-6} / \text{yr}.$ $5 \times 10^{-10} / \text{day}$	Gates	External, 1 period, 1 µs to 500 s in
Allan variance (1 s)	3×10^{-10} (typ.) $< 5 \times 10^{-12}$		1-2-5 sequence. Gates may be
Stability (0 to 50 °C)	1 ppm $<2 \times 10^{-9}$		externally triggered with no delay.
Settability	0.01 ppm 0.001 ppm		Gates may be delayed relative to an
T (1.1 1	1 5 1 10 10		EXT trigger. The delay from trigger
External timebase	User may supply 5 MHz or 10 MHz	Diamlari	is set from 1 to 50,000 gate widths. 16-digit fixed point with
	timebase (1 V nominal)	Display	LSD=Freq.×4 ps/Gate. 1 μHz
Time Interval, Width,	Rise and Fall Times		maximum resolution (1 nHz with
inne interval, width,	Nise and Fall Times		×1000 for frequencies <1 MHz)
Range	$-1000 \mathrm{s}$ to $+1000 \mathrm{s}$ in $\pm \text{TIME}$ mode		1000 ioi iioquonoios 1112112)
1141195	-1 ns to +1000 s in all others modes	Period	
Trigger rate	0 to 100 MHz		
Display LSD	4 ps single sample, 1 ps with avg.	Range	0 to 1000 s
Resolution			RATIO A/B range: 10^{-9} to 10^{3}
Standard timebase	$(((25 \text{ ps typ. } [50 \text{ ps max.}])^2 +$	Error	$< \pm ((100 \mathrm{ps} \mathrm{typ.}[350 \mathrm{ps}\mathrm{max.}])/$
	$(0.2 \text{ ppb} \times \text{Interval})^2)/N)^{1/2} \text{ rms}$		Gate+Timebase Error) × Period
Option 01	$(((25 \text{ ps typ. } [50 \text{ ps max.}])^2 +$	Gates	Same as frequency
	$(0.05 \mathrm{ppb} \times \mathrm{Interval})^2 / \mathrm{N})^{1/2} \mathrm{rms},$	Display	16-digit fixed point, LSD=1 ps
	(N=sample size)		$(1 \text{ fs with} \times 1000 \text{ for periods} < 1 \text{ s})$
Error	$<\pm (500 \text{ ps typ. } [1 \text{ ns max.}] +$		
	Timebase Error × Interval +	Phase	
D 14'	Trigger Error)	Definition	Dhaga = 260 × (T T) / Davied A
Relative error	<=(50 ps typ. [100 ps max.]+	Range	Phase= $360 \times (T_b - T_a)$ /Period A -180 to +180 degrees, 0 to 100 MHz
Armina madas	Timebase Error × Interval)	Resolution	$(25 \text{ ps} \times \text{Freq.} \times 360 + 0.001)^\circ$
Arming modes	+TIME (Stop is armed by Start) +TIME EXT (Ext arms Start)	Gate	0.01 seconds (1 period min.) for
	+TIME EXT (Ext arms start) +TIME EXT HOFF (Leading EXT	Gaic	period measurement and 1 sample
	edge arms Start, trailing EXT		for time interval measurement.
	edge arms Stop)		Period may also be measured using
	±TIME (Armed by Start/Stop pair),		externally triggered internal gates as
	±TIME CMPL (Armed by		in frequency mode.
	Stop/Start pair)	Error	$<\pm(1 \text{ ns} \times \text{Freq.} \times 360 + 0.001)^{\circ}$
	±TIME EXT (Armed by EXT		
	input edge)	Counts	
	EXT arming may be internally	_	1012 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 3
	delayed or scanned with respect to	Range	10^{12} , RATIO A/B range: 10^{-9} to 10^3
	the EXT input in variable steps. The	Count rate	0 to 300 MHz
	step size may be set in a 1-2-5	Gates	Same as frequency
	sequence from 1 µs to 10 ms. The	Display	12 digits
Diamlari	maximum delay is 50,000 steps.	Inputs	
Display Sample rate	16-digit fixed point with 1 ps LSD N×(800 μs+measured time	iliputs	
Sample rate	interval)+calculation time	Bandwidth	300 MHz (1.2 ns rise time)
	(N=sample size)	Threshold	-5.00 to +5.00 VDC
	The calculation time occurs only		(10 mV resolution)
	after N measurements are completed	Accuracy	$15\mathrm{mV} + 0.5\%$ of setting
	and varies from zero (N=1, no	Sensitivity	see graph next page
	graphics, binary) to 5 ms (N=1, no	Auto level	Threshold set between peak input
	graphics) to 10 ms (display mean or		excursions.
	standard dev.) to 60 ms (histogram).		$(f > 10 \text{ Hz}, \text{ duty cycle } > 10^{-6})$
_		Slope	Rising or falling edge
Frequency		Impedance	$(1 \mathrm{M}\Omega + 30 \mathrm{pF})$ or 50Ω
D	0.00111 (2003/11)		50Ω termination has SWR < 2.5:1
Range	0.001 Hz to 300 MHz via comparator	Counling	from 0 to 1.3 GHz





inputs. 40 MHz to 1.3 GHz via

AC or DC

(Ext is always DC coupled)

Coupling

Input noise $350 \,\mu Vrms$ (typ.) Prescaler see graph

Protection $100\,\mathrm{V}$, $50\,\Omega$ terminator is released if

input exceeds ±5 Vp

REF Output

Frequency 1.00 kHz (accuracy same as timebase)

Rise/fall time

TTL: 0 to 4 V (2 V into 50Ω) Amplitude

ECL: -1.8 to -0.8 V into 50Ω

DVM Inputs

Full scale $\pm 1.999 \, VDC \, or \, \pm 19.99 \, VDC$ Type Sample & hold with successive

approximation converter

Impedance $1 \, \text{M}\Omega$

Accuracy 0.3% of full scale Speed Approximately 5 ms

D/A Outputs

Full scale $\pm 10.00\,VDC$ Resolution 5 mV Impedance <1 Ω

Default Voltage proportional to mean

and deviation

Accuracy 0.3% of full scale

Graphics

Scope Two rear-panel outputs to drive x-y

analog oscilloscope

Displays Histograms and strip charts of mean

and jitter

−5 V to +5 V for 10 division deflection X-axis -4 V to +4 V for 8 division deflection Y-axis

Resolution 250 (H) × 200 (V) pixels Centronics port for dot-matrix Hardcopy printers. RS-232, IEEE-488.2 for

HP-GL compatible plotters.

Interfaces

300 baud to 19.2 kbaud. All instrument RS-232

functions may be controlled.

GPIB IEEE-488.2 interface. All instrument

functions may be controlled. Approximately 150 ASCII

> formatted responses per second, 1400 binary responses per second.

General

Speed

 $0\,^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $50\,^{\circ}\text{C}$ Operating

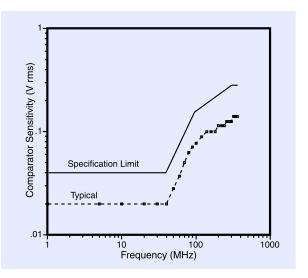
70 W, 100/120/220/240 VAC, Power

50/60 Hz

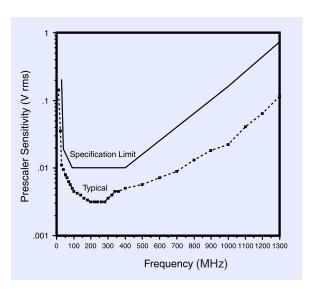
Weight, dimensions 11 lbs., $14" \times 3.5" \times 14"$ (WHD)

One year parts and labor on defects Warranty

in materials and workmanship



Input sensitivity



Prescaler sensitivity

Ordering Information

SR620 Time interval & frequency counter

2 ppb OCXO timebase Option 01 O620RM Rack mount kit



